

ILC ASIA

ANNUAL REPORT

2018

from Issyk-Kul
to Bandung



INTERNATIONAL
LAND
COALITION | ASIA

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FOREWORD

ILC Asia Regional Coordinator

Saurlin Siagian

The year 2018 was a distinguished year significantly for **ILC Asia** members. In the geopolitical context, Asia was being shaken by financial crisis caused by global trade wars, which irreversibly influenced the social and political tension within the region. The financial crisis had sacrificed marginalised groups, especially on the implementation of popular policies that promote people centered land governance, as supported by **ILC members**.

Despite such challenges, our members successfully hosted the **Global Land Forum** last year. Being a host means that we benefitted from having a shared learning, having more political attention to Asia, and learning important lessons in organising a large-scale global event. However, it also means that we invested so much energy and time in preparing for the event that it brought an impact to the expected outcomes of **ILC Asia’s** programmes. We also welcomed nine new members, making our coalition a strong movement of 54 civil society organisations. In addition, we reached an agreement to elect new Steering Committee members.

We received 20 strategic reports from members, which content defined the successes and challenges faced by each national and regional platform. At the national level, we could see that various countries were experiencing harsh political dynamics, and that it posed a challenge to realising genuine and pro-people democracy, especially in implementing land policies that protect the poor and our planet . As a result, poverty and inequality persisted and ecological damage continued to worsen.

At the regional level, our members faced another challenge in advocating for land reform policies. They found that governmental and intergovernmental organisations like the Association of **Southeast Asian Nations** (ASEAN) and the **South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation** (SAARC) lacked the commitment to help realise people-centered land governance.

Presently, the transformation of our platforms at the national level continues to evolve. **NES India** has been transformed into the Land Forum India and has closer cooperation with the India Land and Development Conference. **NES Indonesia** has begun to collaborate with a broader platform, the Tenure Coalition, while **NES Nepal** has established a collaboration with the Fit and Purpose Land Administration (FPP). **ILC members** in Kyrgyzstan and Mongolia have laid a solid foundation that involve broad parties including intergovernmental organisations as part of their strategic alliance.

The resource mobilisation strategy remains underdeveloped in Asia, but the achievement can be seen successfully made by our members. **The Consortium for Agrarian Reform** (KPA) and its **NES** alliance successfully mobilised more than USD 300,000 for the **Global Land Forum**, while NES Indonesia, Kyrgyzstan and Mongolia managed to gain financial support of roughly USD 64,000 from intergovernmental organisations.

Despite the economic and political uncertainty in the region, we are positive that the constant transformation and development of our platforms will lead to better achievement of people centered land governance in Asia in the coming years.

CONNECT, MOBILISE, INFLUENCE IN NES COUNTRIES

2.1 NES Countries

2.1.1 INDIA



HIGHLIGHTS

 Land Forum India has **received greater recognition achievements by various key land actors and agencies in the country.**

LFI was invited by the **European Union (EU)** to develop a consultation mechanism strategy with other CSOs in the country. They were also invited and organised a session on **People Centered Land Governance - Ensuring Land Tenure Rights** to marginalised and vulnerable communities at the **2018 India Land Development Conference.**

 **NES India** has been transformed into **Land Forum India** as a **result of a stronger governance process and political identity** within members of the platform.

MOBILISE

-  **LFI's members** organised several internal meetings and strategic workshops to deliberate the country's strategy.
- Held a strategic workshop focused on **understanding the current capacity and outreach of LFI's platform to connect, mobilise and influence** at the policy level. In particular, pushing policy change on secure land ownership for marginalised groups and preparing the roadmap for future advocacy plans.
 - The workshop also **explored the current engagement of the NES members with the ten land commitments of ILC.**

CONNECT

 **Land Forum India** has initiated a closer connection with some potential strategic donors.

Intergovernmental organisations (IGOs) of ILC and non ILC-members namely **IFAD, OXFAM India, European Union, and Weathungerhilf.**

LAND FORUM INDIA

- Conducted **one-to-one** meeting with European Union representatives to explore collaboration.
- Initiated collaboration with Action Aid** to promote policy on the Commons at the national level.
- Further established ties with the India Land and Development Conference (ILDC).
- Organised a session on **People Centered Land Governance - Ensuring Land Tenure Rights** with marginalised and vulnerable communities, and participated as a panelist in a session on **Securing Rights of Women Farmers-Concerns and Challenges-session.**

INFLUENCE

 **Land Forum India (LFI)** increased its **visibility** and its **commitment,**

to **support the pastoralist's rights** over their commons lands in **India,** particularly in **Gujarat.**

BANGLADESH

HIGHLIGHTS



Until September 2018, **NES Bangladesh** has contributed to:



4,179
Women to Participate

- Recognition and legalisation** of people's access to khas land (state land).
- 24 land plots** released to the landless people.
- As many as **21 single and widow farmers** received 1.6 ha of land for each. This achievement resulted from continuous advocacy which has been done collectively by **NES members**, led by **ALRD** in close partnership with **Land Development Organisation (LDO).**

For providing space in various NES activities from **July 2017** to **July 2018.**

Collaborated with the International **Chittagong Hill Tract Commission, Water Forum, Working Group for Protection of Agricultural Land, Forest, and IPs Land** on addressing water grabbing, Indigenous Peoples' land and forests by conducting joint investigation and seminars.

MOBILISE



Produced **17,000** copies of posters, on **three** important international events;

- International **Women Day**
- World **Food Day**
- World **Human Rights Day**

together with **Bangladesh Adivasi Forum, Bangladesh Legal Aid, Services Nijera Kori and Bangladesh Environmental Lawyers Association,** documented land grabbing cases through fact finding investigations on **18-19 September 2017** in Barkal Upazila, Rangamati district in Chittagong Hill Tracts.

to raise public awareness of how women are being discriminated against accessing land and natural resources and how Indigenous peoples and the landless are being deprived of their rights due to land grabbing.

CONNECT



Bangladesh implemented **26 activities** as where participants shared and learned from each other on land grabbing cases, women' access to land and Indigenous peoples' rights over land and resources.

some CSOs connections through activities;

1. National Adivasi Prishad,	8. Kapaeeng Foundation	15. Bangladesh Hindu-Buddhist-Christian Oikkya Parishad
2. Bangladesh Indigenous People's Forum,	9. CDA	16. National Human Rights Commission, and
3. ALRD	10. HDRC	17. Bhabadaha Water Logging Movement.
4. BLAST	11. Caritas- Bangladesh	
5. BELA	12. Maleya Foundation	
6. Nijera Kori	13. CCDB	
7. ABRAN	14. Incidin-Bangladesh, and	

Produced a joint report on **International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR)** focusing on land governance.

INFLUENCE



Influenced the amendment of the Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT) Land Disputes Resolution Commission Act in 2017.

The Land Dispute Resolution Commission (LDRC) Watch Forum, **hosted by ALRD,** was established in order to monitor the implementation of **the amended CHT.** The Forum consists of:

- CHT Commission**
- CHT Citizen's Committee
- CHT Forest & Land Protection Movement**
- CHT Headmen Network

Association

- Kapaeeng Foundation**
- Bangladesh Indigenous Peoples Forum
- Malaya Foundation and ALRD**

2.1.2

NES CAMBODIA

HIGHLIGHTS

Recognition of forest communities,


 **16,030** individuals

and **8,625** of whom are women in Cheutom commune, Krokor district, Pursat province.

Indigenous communities successfully secured communal land title in **Kreh, Ta ngach, Kong Kuy, Ka nchhing, Kalong, Kachanh.**

Benefit **2,148** indigenous peoples of **549** households.

The **375 affected families** of Koh Kong sugar plantation in Koh provinces reclaimed their land back, amounting to **825 hectares** plus a compensation from the Koh Kong Sugar Plantation Co.ltd. Similarly,

 **363** families affected by Phnom Penh airport development project reclaimed their land back.



Government officials at the national level **collaborated with CSOs** on formulating the Environmental and Natural Resources Code.

The Ministry of Land, Urban Planning and Construction (MLMUPC) has **now recognised the role of CSOs** in addressing land conflicts and land registrations by having simultaneous consultation to resolve the problems.



The aforementioned impact stories are vivid examples of **how changes in practice and agenda have successfully taken place.**

MOBILISE



Facilitated the capacity building on the Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure (VGGT) to local governments, CSO and communities, partnership with FAO in the country, a working group was formed to review the existing laws to find the gaps or strengths for policy advocacy on natural resources management.



Organised the 7th National Farmer Forum to equip small landholder farmers, farmer associations and members of Agricultural Cooperatives (AC).



Conducted four field visits with the Community Forestry Management and Agricultural Cooperatives to document successful farm production practices.



CONNECT



Engagement with a network of national **CSOs (IPFN, LAHRIN)** and relevant ministries on providing feedback for The Natural and Forestry Code.



Development of a joint investigation to document evidence-based land acquisition committed by either the government or businesses.

Non- ILC members engaged in a joint investigation and the following activities:

- a. **Cambodia Indigenous Peoples Alliance.**
- b. Agricultural Cooperatives.
- c. **Human Rights Based Organizations: Adhoc, Licadho.**

- d. **Prey Lang Community Network.**
- e. Kravanh Community Protected Areas.
- f. **Women Media Center and Community Forestry company.**

INFLUENCE



Provided inputs on **Environmental and Natural Resources Code** of Kingdom of Cambodia version 10.

These inputs were centered around the principles of :

- a. Free Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC)
- b. Public Participation (PP)
- c. Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

- d. Climate Change (CC)
- e. Protected Area (PA)
- f. Access to information (A2I)
- g. Collaborative Management of Natural Resources on the Natural Resources Code

The Ministry of Economic and Finance (MoEF) issued a sub decree of standard Operational Procedure focused on compensation to land and resettlement to communities affected by development projects.

2.1.3

NES INDONESIA

HIGHLIGHTS



Challenged the Indonesian Government's approach in implementing agrarian reform by devising an alternative strategy, called **Agrarian Reform by Leverage (ARBL)** to implement genuine agrarian reform in Indonesia.



Contributed to the agenda of agrarian reform, that led to institutional reform, resulting in the establishment of the **Ministry of Agrarian Reform /BPN**



ARBL implementation to identify priority location for **Agraria (LPRA)** collectively with communities.



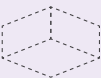
Identified **651,161 ha** of priority location in **443 sites**, and was submitted to both the Agrarian Reform Ministry and the **Ministry of Environment and Forestry.**

11, 258,51 ha

has been given the 'greenlight' to further follow up with Ministry of Environment and Forestry through Decree no 6979/2017 on indicative map for Agrarian Reform and Social forestry location.

19,441 ha

has been legally recognised, verified and validated by the Agrarian Reform Ministry prior to issuing either communal or individual land titling certificate.



45, 241, 22 ha land was mapped in Sigi regency. The map recognized by the Sigi Regent and submitted to the head of the President Executive office.



Collaboration with Environment and Forest Ministry together with financial support from the Ford Foundation resulted in a participatory mapping on **2,500 ha** for social forestry scheme in Karawang, West Java.



provided financial assistance to **15 people** impacted by agrarian conflicts in **9 provinces**, through the Solidarity Fund scheme.

CONNECT



Connection with **Tenure Coalition**, with **RRI** as the main supporter. The leadership of the Tenure Coalition convened by: **RMI, KIARA, and Epistema Institute.**

MOBILISE



Contributed to the success of implementing Agrarian Reform by **Leverage via Agrarian Reform Priority Location (LPRA).**

This bottom up model has been scaled up to across the country, **443 sites, 620.462 ha** is still negotiated and consolidated with the mentioned Ministries.

Study on Customary Forest to investigate the implementations of Indigenous Peoples territory recognition supported by FAO, in collaboration with

- HuMA
- AMAN
- Putih Foundation
- LBBT and Qbar

The study expanded to 6 locations:

1. Sipituhuta
2. North Sumatera and Kesepuhan Karang
3. Banten, West Sumatera
4. Kalimantan
5. Central Sulawesi
6. South Sulawesi



Held training that equipped communities with set of skills and knowledge on spatial mapping and planning was delivered to Sigi Regency's Agrarian Task Force.

INFLUENCE



Facilitated collective advocacy and produced data through the LPRA initiative to support landless farmers and indigenous peoples in obtaining legal tenurial security and recognition.



The Tenure Conference held in October 2017 acted as an advocacy tool for NES Indonesia, especially to promote LPRA as a bottom up model to identify land for agrarian reform .




Developed a number of joint declarations for the then-running presidential candidates and pushed for genuine agrarian reform.


2.1.4

NES
PHILIPPINES


HIGHLIGHTS



Successfully lobbied to incorporate National Land Use and Management Act (NLUA) into the Senate of Office President and the Office of Vice President’s agenda



Enhanced the capacity of 307 agrarian reform beneficiaries (ARB)



Routine consultation with paralegal farmers to discuss the Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Program (CARP) policy in Negros region.

Initiated partners meeting, aimed at building mechanism for collaboration with IGOs such as:

- IFAD
- The World Bank
- FAO
- IOM

Aiming at building mechanism for collaboration between NES and those IGOs.

Providing space NES and other like- minded CSOs to had a dialogue with government agencies and build capacity of agrarian reform beneficiaries.

MOBILISE



Enhanced capacity of both ILC members, farmers’ leaders and indigenous Peoples, 189 men and 129 women participated in the capacity building.

Produced a number of communications tools and news articles, covering topics on :

- Comprehensive Insurance Coverage for Agrarian Reform Beneficiaries
- Common-good land protection over other interests, through policies and numbers.
- Rice production.
- Need for conserving prime agri lands.

CONNECT



NES Philippines created space to share, interact and develop common action plans for diverse actors such as:

- National ILC Members
- Non-ILC Members
- Government Agency
- IGOs



Around 89 non ILC members engaged in the NES Platform to deliver strategy to promote land rights for Indigenous Peoples and agrarian reform.



Created 5 joint action plans, on the following issues:

- Agrarian Reform
- Indigenous Peoples
- Nlua Campaign Work Plans
- State Asset Report Work Plan
- Integration Of Cbi 8, 9 And 10 With The Nes Platform.

Supported collective learning between Department of Agrarian Reform (DAR) in Negros Region and paralegal on the implementation of Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Program (CARP).

INFLUENCE



The Department of Agrarian Reform (DAR) committed to issue two administrative orders (AOs) to correct AO 6 series of 2017, suspending the implementation of progressive land acquisition and distribution to agrarian reform beneficiaries.




The Agrarian Reform Council Executive Committee (PARC ExCom) passed a resolution to revoke the joint venture arrangements (JVA) scheme between the ECJ CLOA Holders Association (ECHA) and South Negros Joint Ventures Corporation (SNJVC).


2.1.5

NES
NEPAL

HIGHLIGHTS



Until September 2018, 992 households received legal Tenure Security Certificate in Nawalpur district.




293 farmers received tenancy Rights in Kapibastu district.


Government’s recognition on dual land ownership tenancy as a plausible alternative to address land tenure security in the country.

The Dashboard Initiative launched in September 2018 has amplified collaboration among diverse actors.


MOBILISE



Organised policy dialogues where members prepared a “Demand Paper” on Tenancy Land Separation to establish Tenant farmer’s land right.



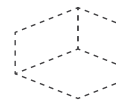
Conducted visits to the headquarters of the major political parties, Human Rights Commission, Ministries, Chief Minister’s offices in different provinces.



Organised capacity building trainings on mapping communities’ land and natural resources.




CONNECT



Provided space for various CSOs, strategic partners and the government to have multi-stakeholders’ platform in addressing and governing the land.

INFLUENCE




Initiated an integration with ILC’s Commitment-Based Initiatives (CBIs) platform.


2.1.6

NES KYRGYZSTAN



HIGHLIGHTS

 NES Kyrgyzstan was **only initiated in March 2018**, where **39 participants** convened to develop its Multi-Stakeholder Platform.

 The platform **developed a 3-year strategic paper**, prioritising on the amendment of **Pasture and Water Laws and the Forestry Laws**.

It also collaborated with
IGOs of ILC members IFAD, FAO,
UNDP, Cristhensen Fund

CSO non ILC members on pastoral
land, Forestry and Water.



2.1.6

NES MONGOLIA

HIGHLIGHTS


NES Mongolia was **only initiated in March 2018**.

 The newly launched Multi-Stakeholder Platform **successfully attracted** the **Government of Mongolia, FAO, IFAD, World Bank, UNDP and national CSOs**.




The following points were emphasised :

The Focus:

 Pasture lands, with specific focus on the pasture's protection law, and locally on rangelands use agreements.

Synergy:

 initial meeting with IFAD, FAO, UNDP and World Bank was held in March 2018 on potential collaboration.

3

CONNECT, MOBILISE, INFLUENCE ACROSS COUNTRIES IN THE REGION

3.1

Asia Family Farming Initiative (CBI 2)

HIGHLIGHTS

 The Asia Family Farming is co-led by **AR-Now and Asian Farmers Association (AFA)**.


This initiative will cover 10 countries :


Bangladesh, **Cambodia**, India, **Indonesia, Kyrgyzstan**, Laos, Myanmar, **Nepal**, Philippines, **Thailand**.

With Participating members :

1. AIPP	7. KPA	13. SWADHINA
2. ANGOC	8. MODE-Nepal	14. TFM
3. CARRD	9. NLRF	15. UWUA
4. CDA	10. PAKISAMA	16. XSF.
5. CDS	11. SARRA	
6. FNN	12. STAR Kampuchea	

Until September 2018, the Asia Family Farming Initiative had completed the following activities:

- 

a. Initial connection Global Family Farming was made between AR Now and AFA (Family Farming Initiative).
- 

b. Concept note was produced by the initial members of the group coordinated by AR Now.



3.2

Diverse Tenure Systems: Rangelands Initiative Asia (CBI 3)

HIGHLIGHTS



The Asia Rangeland Initiative (ARI)

This Initiative has covered **10** countries

India, **Bhutan**, Afghanistan, **Mongolia**, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, **Turkmenistan**, Bangladesh, **Nepal**. With members covering:

1. JASIL	8. NADF	14. Dolpo Indigenous Peoples development Centre
2. KAFLU IESD	9. MARAG	
3. MLMA	10. FES	
4. RDF	11. Prayatna Samiti	
5. CPR		15. Kabul Dairy Union.
6. NAPUG	12. SAPA	
7. Kyrgyz Jaiyti	13. Krapavis	

Expanded its coverage and membership engagement from **6 to 10 countries** and from **9 to 20 CSOs** that's comprised of ILC and non-ILC members.

The leading initiative member was invited to the **World Bank Conference on Land and Poverty** in Washington.

CONNECT




Successfully invited new **CSOs in 6 new countries** Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Tajikistan and Afghanistan.

Held a meeting with ILC members, **IESD**, in Almaty Kazakhstan, **29-30 August 2018**, focusing on two main areas

- To collectively identify what added value the Asia Rangelands Initiative brings to the country
- To build common and cross-country cooperation as well as strengthening the governance structure of the platform.

MOBILISE



The initiative has produced **Seven good practices** on **Tenure System of Rangeland**.

INFLUENCE

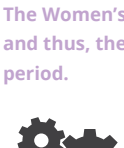


Informed Global and Regional donors as well as governments representative on taking into account CSOs' work on the Rangeland.

3.3

Ensuring Gender Justice: Enriching Land Movement In Asia (CBI 4)

HIGHLIGHTS



The Women's Land Rights Initiative only started its activities in June 2018 and thus, the impact of which has not been reflected in this reporting period.

This initiative covers **12 ILC Asia** members in five countries: **Bangladesh, Cambodia, India, Indonesia and Nepal**.

This initiative covers **12 ILC Asia** members in five countries: **Bangladesh, Cambodia, India, Indonesia and Nepal**.

The initiative resulted the followings outputs:

- Community women's success stories in gaining access to resources was constantly updated on the platform's portal, called "Sheland".**
- Social Development Forum India organised a women's leadership training programme in five villages in India
- The participating members of the initiative formulated study design by linking the methodology with the Dashboard indicators**
- Conducted scoping studies in all five countries



3.4

Advancing Indigenous Peoples' Land Rights Recognition Through Evidence Based Advocacy (CBI 5)

HIGHLIGHTS

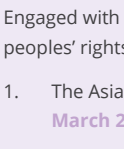


This initiative covers **7 countries**; Indonesia, India, Philippine, Cambodia, Nepal, Bangladesh and Malaysia.

With the following members

1. Society for Development of Drought Prone Area (SDDPA)	7. Asian Farmers' Association for Sustainable Rural Development (AFA)
2. Consortium for Land Research and Policy Dialogue (COLARP)	8. Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)
3. Bhartiya Jan Sewa Ashram (BJSa)	9. Kapaeeng Foundation, Cordillera People's Alliance
4. Philippine Association for Intercultural Development (PAFID)	10. PACOS TRUST
5. NGOF	11. Jaringan Kerja Pemetaan Partisipatif (JKPP)
6. Prayatna Samiti	12. AKISAMA.


During the **Regional Assembly** in Kyrgyzstan in 2017, the platform is the sought to shift its **focus to more of a regional action plan**.



Engaged with various 'stakeholders' to advance the recognition of Indigenous peoples' rights over their territory:

- The Asia Pacific Forum on Sustainable Development, **Bangkok, 22- 24 March 2018**.
- Asia Pacific Regional CSOs Engagement Mechanism (APRCM), **Bangkok, 12 July 2018**.
- High Level Political Forum (HLPF), in the **United States**, in **July 2018**.

MOBILISE



The platform **conducted and produced** regional baseline study on the situation of the rights of indigenous peoples over their land, territories and **re sources in Asia (covering at least 10 countries)**

The Platform developed:	4. Live facebook video and concept notes on land rights and sustainable development
1. Concept note	5. Safeguarding indigenous resource management systems for sustainable and resilient societies
2. Agenda and flyer	
3. Brief description of the event, and flyer	



CONNECT



AIPP, **facilitated ILC members** to expand its network through regional events;



About **50 participants** both ILC and non ILC **took part in these events**.

INFLUENCE



The platform **supported the advocacy and campaign** to increase the participation and engagement of indigenous peoples, through:



Organised side events at the Asia Pacific Forum on Sustainable Development, Participated in on **High Level Political Forum (HLPF)**.

3.6 Locally Managed Ecosystem

HIGHLIGHTS



This initiative covers **8 countries**; **Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, India, Cambodia, Philippine, Indonesia, India.**

Participating members: There are about **14 members of ILC** participating in the initiative;

1. KAFLU	6. Prayatna Samiti	12. NGO Forum
2. UWUA	7. Swadhina	13. Star Kampuchea (Kyrgyzstan)
3. IESD (Kazakhstan)	8. SARRA	14. AIPP Cambodia (Cambodia)
4. JASIL	9. FES (India)	15. PAFID
5. MALM (Mongolia)	10. KPA	16. AFA (Philippines)
	11. JKPP (Indonesia)	

The initiative organised regional strategic meeting held in **Bangkok** 14-16 March 2018 attended by: **ILC members** plus **UNCCD**. Documented on the **good practice on locally** governed ecosystem.

CONNECT



Developed **a joint action plan** on promoting locally managed ecosystem in the region, and built synergy with the **NES platform**.

MOBILISE



The initiative has documented **eight good practices** on locally governed ecosystem in the region which will be presented in the **global land forum**.

3.7 Securing Future: Land Rights For Rural Youth

HIGHLIGHTS

The **Land Rights for Rural Youth Initiative** only started its activities in **July 2018** and thus, the impact of which has not been reflected in this reporting period.

This initiative is led by RMI – The Indonesian Institute for Forest and the Environment.



With members covering **5 countrie**

- 1. PAKISAMA, Philippines**
- 2. RMI, Indonesia**
- 3. CDA, Bangladesh**
- 4. FNN, Cambodia**
- 5. Ekta Parishad, India**

The platform focused on realising poverty alleviation, decent rural livelihoods, and enhancing food sovereignty.



Until **September 2018**, the initiative resulted the following output:

Developed the **three-year strategy (2018-2021)** and the first regional youth gathering in the **Global Land Forum Bandung** in September 2018.



Connected with GLTN and participated in a capacity building training on using tools to **analyse policies and programmes’ responsiveness** on youth access to land, namely **Youth and Land Responsive Criteria**.

3.8 Land Watch Asia on Sustainable, Reliable And Transparent Data (LWA)

HIGHLIGHTS



LWA has 15 members from eight countries, namely :

Bangladesh	Indonesia	Pakistan
Cambodia	Kyrgyzstan	Philippines
India	Nepal	

.....

Participating members

ALRD, STAR Kampuchea, FNN, SARRA, FES, KPA, KAFLU, UWUA, RDF, CSRC, MODE-Nepal, PAFID, CARRD, XSF, AR Now !





Our members and allies **engaged with national statistic agencies** to analyse land data. This aligns with **Sustainable Development Goals Indicator 1.4.2 on transparency** in land governance and public access to land-related information.



The initiative has enhanced the collaborative work with some **UN regional bodies, UN-Habitat** and **FAO** as the guardian agencies for **SDG land indicators**.

CONNECT



The **LWA** has allowed **CSOs** to engage with National Statistic Agency (NSO) through the bridging of UN-Habitat during regional strategic meeting



The **platform** has opened **space** for civil society and government agencies to share and develop a common strategy on land related data.

MOBILISE



The platform produced:

5 draft papers on scoping study and **2 tools** for data collection.

6 scoping studies papers have been drafted:

- Scoping study on the land data of the Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics
- Scoping study on the land data of the National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic
- Scoping study on the land data of the Central Bureau Statistics of Nepal
- Scoping study on the land data of the Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
- Scoping study on the land data of the Philippine Statistical Authority
- Scoping study on the land data of National Institute of Statistic of Cambodia

INFLUENCE



The LWA took lead in created a joint solidarity statement against the accusation of **Victoria Tauli-Corpuz** and **Joan Carling** who had been declared as “terrorists” by the Philippines Government. **The statement was recognised by the Department of Foreign Affairs of the Philippines**, acknowledging that it was an ‘influential statement’ to defend land rights defenders.



Through the engagement with **NSO** and other government agencies, the platform collaborated to collect data in relation to **SDGs indicators**.

3.9

Building Research Network In Asia Through Preliminary Investigation On Economic Corridor & Ecological Crises In Contemporary Asia

HIGHLIGHTS



This group was initially developed by four **ILC members** and was kept open to new participants that were interested in the research.



A group of research institutions like **SAINS, PAFID, AIPP** and **NGOF** discussed and introduced the research network and design to the wider public?.



3.10

Working Group on Mainstreaming Land Rights as Human Rights (WG-LRHR)

HIGHLIGHTS

This initiative has 11 members from six countries:



Bangladesh, Cambodia, India, Indonesia, Nepal, Philippines

Participating members:

CDA, ARBAN, Start K, SDF, Ekta Parishad, SDPPA, KPA, CSRC, NAGOC and AR Now!



Attended a regional meeting in **Bangkok**, Thailand in february 2018, together with ILC Secretariat, UN Habitat, National Human Rights Commission of Thailand, and UN OHCHR.

This meeting, resulted some important points:

- Produced a shortlist of indicators for formulating a Scorecard for Private Investments in Land and Agriculture in the six countries
- Produced a discussion paper/ guide on the Scorecard initiative.
- Finalised outlines for United Nations Guiding Principles Business Human Rights Country Policy Brief and Country Land Conflict Monitoring Report.



Initiated linkages with **OHCHR, SAARC, SEANF, UN-Habitat**

and collaboration with **Oxfam-Indonesia** through KPA, this gave way to pursue complementary activities on Business and Human Rights.

CONNECT



Facilitated **ILC members** to interact and collaborate on popularising and engaging with,

- Human Rights Institutions (HRI)
- Government agencies
- Regional bodies such as OHCHR, SEANF, SAARC as well as UN-HABITAT and
- Some private sectors in the respective countries.

MOBILISE



The **WG LRHR** organised regional planning meeting through in **Bangkok in February 2018**, where they developed and consolidated an **action plan**, drafted the following knowledge products:

- UNGP BHR Policy Brief
- Land Conflict Monitoring Paper
- Scorecard on Responsible Investments in Land and Agriculture

INFLUENCE



Built synergy with NES platforms in respective countries (e.g. Philippines, India, Kyrgyzstan) to advocate and popularise the NUGP-BHR through knowledge tools and production.

3.10.1

SOLIDARITY FUND FOR ASIA



The Consortium for Agrarian reform (KPA), assisted by RCU, developed new mechanism and communication tools on submission and assessment of the fund through the ASC members and two reference groups, Kapaeeng and AIPP.



Until September 2018, one application was received, and the fund has been released after being assessed by KPA and RCU.

4

PARTICIPATION IN GLOBAL INITIATIVES:
A VIEW FROM ASIA

4.1

Land Matrix

Until **September 2018**, the initiative implemented the following activities:



Collected data and analysed trends on LSLAs using **secondary and primary sources of information**



Participated **regional gatherings, consultations, fora**, where other networks working on the same issues were present.



The collected and analysed data for the Country Profile on Large Scale Land Acquisition as well as the **Asian tables presented during the WB meeting** in Washington in March 2018 and introduced the crowdsourcing tool of the Land Matrix Database in the Second Regional Land Forum of MRLG in Bangkok - May 2018.



Launched training for **data collaborators**.



4.2

Leadership Program



The initiative produced the following outputs:



The needs of the Conducted pre-training surveys and interviews with ILC Asia members prior to the Leadership Programme.



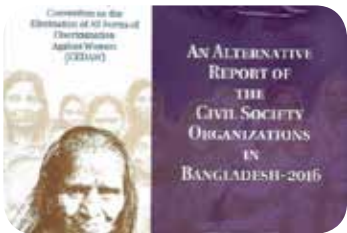
The programme's curriculum was developed through an expert regional meeting in Tagaytay, Philippines in April 2018

5

COMMUNICATIONS,
LEARNING AND
MONITORING IN ASIA

5.1

Knowledge And
Capacity Management



Published the **Alternative Report of the Civil Society Organizations**

in Bangladesh.

The report was submitted to the **UN Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW)** by a coalition of civil society organisations, including our members, in Bangladesh.

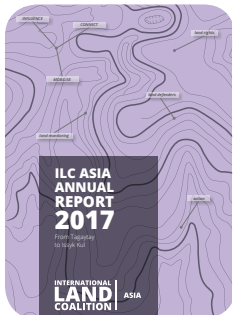
In the beginning of 2019, **ILC Asia** published two institutional documents; **Asia Regional Strategy Paper 2016-2021** and **Asia Annual Report 2017**.



ILC Asia Regional Strategy Paper

2016-2021

The document will be used as a guidance to identify and analyse the challenges and focus in interventions and to have a rationale and reference for formulating our work plan.



ILC Asia Annual Report 2017

A publication from ILC Asia and its members that highlight our impact stories in pursuing people-centered land governance. The 2017 edition reflects how ILC Asia supported its members with its national and regional initiatives.

5.2 Communications

CONNECT



ILC Asia connects to the wider public through ILC Asia website, Twitter, and monthly newsletters.

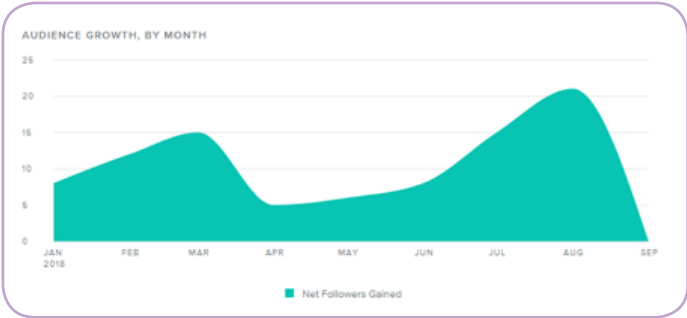


ILC Asia Website
We published 20 news articles and five blog articles.



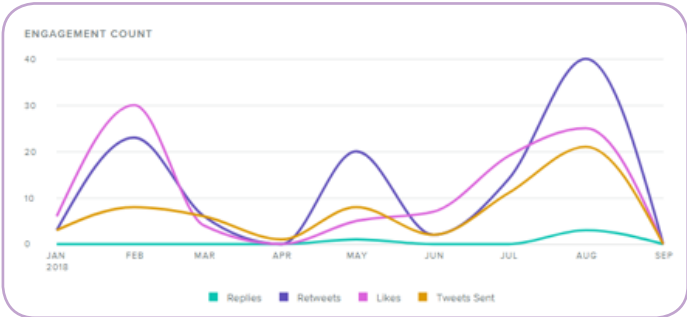
ILC Asia Monthly Newsletter
Up to September 2018, we released six newsletters subscribed by 356 recipients, with 99.2% deliveries each month.

Twitter Audience Growth



Total followers increased by **6.9%** with **42%** of female followers and **58%** male followers. Total followers increased to **1,392**.

Twitter Engagement



The number of organic impressions per Tweet increased by **105.1%**

Twitter Post & Conversations



The number of messages received increased by **107.5%**



Internal Communication

ILC Asia uses email and WhatsApp to **communicate with our members**. The existence of NES Facilitators and CBI focal points **makes it easier to communicate with members**, as those project facilitators were integrated into WhatsApp groups.

6 REGIONAL GOVERNANCE

REGIONAL GOVERNANCE

This year, **ILC Asia** added **new members**, From **45** into **55** countries across the region, The new members are:



CPA
Cordirella Peoples Alliance,



CPR
Center for Policy Research,



KRAPAVIS
Krishi Avam Paristhitiki Vikas Sansthan,



KYRGYZ JAYITI
National pasture users' Association of Kyrgyzstan "Kyrgyz Jayity",



NFPUG
Mongolian National Federation of Pasture User Group of Herders,



PACOS
Partners of Community Organisation,



SPWD
Society for Promotion of Wasteland Development,



WGWLO
Working Group of Women for Land Ownership.

6.1

Global Land Forum and Asia Regional Assembly Preparation in Bandung

6.1.2

PREPARATION OF GLOBAL LAND FORUM



ILC Asia assisted **KPA** in various elements related to **GLF**, namely coordinating the host with **ILC Global Secretariat**.



ILC Asia successfully to **disseminated the progress of GLF** to our members. Based on the confirmed participation list, **100 percent of our membership** attended the Forum.



ILC Asia disseminated the GLF campaign materials to increase its visibility via ILC Asia social media platforms.

ASIA DAY



ILC Asia provided daily content of the Asia Day program, speakers and participants.

6.1.3

PREPARATION OF ASIA REGIONAL ASSEMBLY



The Regional Assembly was **organised simultaneously with the Global Land Forum** in Bandung, Indonesia. RCU and the ASC members **worked together** to co-hosted this event.



6.2

Asia Steering Committee (ASC) Meetings



The first Asia Steering Committee Meeting was conducted in Jakarta in March 2018.

It was hosted by the Consortium Agrarian Reform (KPA) and attended by the RCU Staff, the Asia Steering Committee Members, and the ILC Global Secretariat.

THE MAIN DECISIONS

1. Quorum was reached

2. Approved the Minutes of ASC in Kyrgyzstan with modifications

3. Inputs provided in to the RA minutes with modification – revise and circulate to members for feedback and adopt it in September in Bandung

4. WP and Budget 2018 – approved subject to the reformatting the WP to show the summary of expected outcomes for the year and to put together the task according to NES and CBI including the global initiatives

5. Annual rep 2017 approved – final circulation to inform the members

6. Regarding Solidarity Fund, as decided by RA, ASC member:
 - The solidarity fund will be under RCU host management
 - Modified the mechanism for Solidarity Fund approval process to include other 2 members of the LED group, namely AIPP and Kapaeeng Foundation
 - Reviewed the criteria eligible cost so the document can be updated and circulated to LED group and ASC
 - Agreed that the Bangkok meeting is no longer necessary, because of budget efficiency.

7. 2018 RA proposed agenda will be reviewed and updated by RCU, and circulated to ASC for final proposal to be approved by RA.

8. Acknowledgments related to GLF:

a. ASC acknowledge that Online Registration of GLF participants provided by the Secretariat Rome will be combined with manual registration for National participants from National Organizing Committee Indonesia.

b. RCU will prepare notes to ILC members on registration, breakout, and ideas fair.

c. Regarding to the GLF speakers and moderators:
 - Don Marquez will contact speakers from Philippines.
 - Rowshan Moni will contact speakers from Bangladesh.
 - Kuluipa will contact speakers from Central Asia to be followed up by Harafik.
 - Jagat will contact speakers from Nepal.
 - Dewi Kartika will contact speakers and moderators from Indonesia.
 - Speakers and moderators have been categorized as priority 1, 2 and 3, as mentioned in the minutes, as the ASC guidance for contacting the respective persons.
4. RCU to write the description as tool to communicate to speakers and moderatorsASC approved the revised Coordinator performance report 2017.

5. Key Performance Indicators (KPI) of the RCU will be drafted by RCU and to be submitted to the ASC.

6. Regionalisation process – this dialogue will be continued. If possible this needs to be discussed with the member in the region.

7. On ASC Transition Mechanism, the RCU will draft the ToR, and be reviewed by ASC before circulate to members before Bandung. The ASC election will be carried out in the RA back to back with GLF Bandung.

8. Minutes of regional ASC meeting will be circulated by RCU on 9 march to the ASCs and the ASCs to provide feedback one week afterward.

9. Lifetime Achievement Recognition for Land Rights proposed by NOC to be performed in GLF Bandung is acknowledged by ASC, where ASC will develop the criteria of the candidates.

10. Regarding Asia Strategy Paper, RCU is asked to develop outcome indicators to be attached in the strategy paper.

6.3

NES Facilitator and CBI Focal Point Seminar and Workshop



ILC Asia collaborated with the Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) to hold a roundtable discussion on global land issues in Bogor, Indonesia in April 2018. The following were invited as panelists:

Speakers of the discussion were:

- Dr. Ageng Herianto of FAO Indonesia
- Wiwid Widiyanto of Oxfam Indonesia
- Daniel Ruiz de Garribay, Regional coordinator of Asia Pacific World Rural Forum (WRF)
- Dewi Kartika, Secretary General of the Agrarian Reform Consortium (KPA)
- Nining Liswanti senior researcher CIFOR
- Patricia Wattimena representing Asia Indigenous Peoples Pact (AIPP)

6.4

Resource Mobilization

The table below highlights the progress made on our resource mobilisation efforts last year.

NO	MEMBERS AND PARTNERS	THEMATIC AREAS OF POSSIBLE COLLABORATION	UPDATED PROGRESS
1	Ford Foundation, OXFAM, RRI, Samdhana Institute	Global Land Forum	ILC members in Indonesia as the host of the GLF successfully generated USD 300,000 of financial support.
2	RRI Asia, UN HABITAT, Samdhana Institute, WFP, IFAD Indonesia, CIFOR, Partnership , Ford Foundation, CLUA (Climate and Land Use Alliance), Tenure Facility, FAO (Global and Country level).	Land, Food, Global Land Forum, NES Platform of Indonesia	FAO contributed, USD 50,000 for NES Indonesia to conduct a study on the country's Customary Forests following the Constitutional Court's recognition of Customary Communities.
3	FAO, IFAD, UNDP, WB in Mongolia	Country strategy assessment & NES platform	So far, FAO has contributed USD 4,000 for conducting country assessment by including VGGT components. With, IFAD and the Bank, the contribution will be updated.
4	IFAD- Kyrgyzstan, Mountain Initiative, FAO – Kyrgyzstan, Central Asia University, UNDP	Pastoral Lands, Forest, Water	Attended by the RCU Staff, the Asia Steering Committee Members, and the ILC Global Secretariat.
5	OXFAM India, IFAD, Christian Aid, National Endowment for Democracy (NED), European Union (EU) in Indi	Pastoral land, IPs, Agriculture, Forest	NES members and RCU visited respective partners and the NES Facilitator was invited to their strategic meeting.

"ILC ASIA"	BUDGET APPROVED BY CC AND ASC	ESTIMATED BUDGET IMPLEMENTATION (JANUARY-SEPTEMBER 2018)	%
CMI in NES countries	700, 000*	557,108	79.5
CMI across countries (CBIs)	330,000	311, 030	94.2
CMI in comms	20 000**	20.000	100
ILC Regional governance	150 000	96, 004	64
TOTAL	1. 200. 000	989. 142	83

*The rest will be disbursed in October 2018.

**USD 15K is in ILC Global Secretariat's account.



INTERNATIONAL
LAND
COALITION | ASIA

**International Land Coalition Asia
at Konsorsium Pembaruan Agraria**

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